1	SENATE FLOOR VERSION
2	February 18, 2020
3	SENATE BILL NO. 1491 By: Daniels and Bergstrom
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6	An Act relating to disclosure of personal information; creating the Personal Privacy Protection
7	Act; providing short title; defining terms; prohibiting certain agencies from disclosure or
8	requiring disclosure of certain information;  providing certain exemption; establishing exceptions
9	to prohibited disclosure; authorizing civil action
10	for certain violation; specifying permissible damages; authorizing award of costs and attorney
11	fees; creating misdemeanor offense; providing punishment; and providing for codification.
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14	BE IT ENACTED BY THE PEOPLE OF THE STATE OF OKLAHOMA:
15	SECTION 1. NEW LAW A new section of law to be codified
16	in the Oklahoma Statutes as Section 50 of Title 51, unless there is
17	created a duplication in numbering, reads as follows:
18	A. This act shall be known and may be cited as the "Personal
19	Privacy Protection Act".
20	B. As used in this act:
21	1. "Personal affiliation information" means any list, record,
22	register, registry, roll, roster or other compilation of data of any
23	kind that directly or indirectly identifies a person as a member,

supporter or volunteer of, or donor of financial or nonfinancial

1 support to, any entity organized under Section 501(c) of the 2 Internal Revenue Code; and

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- 3 2. "Public agency" means any state or local governmental unit, however designated, including, but not limited to, this state, any department, agency, office, commission, board, division, or other entity of this state, including those created or established pursuant to constitutional provisions, any political subdivision of this state, including, but not limited to, a county, city, township, village, school district, community college district, or any other local governmental unit, agency, authority, council, board, or commission, or any state or local court, tribunal, or other judicial or quasi-judicial body.
  - C. Notwithstanding any other provision of law, a public agency shall not:
  - 1. Require any individual to provide the public agency with personal affiliation information or otherwise compel the release of personal affiliation information;
  - 2. Require any entity organized under Section 501(c) of the Internal Revenue Code to provide the public agency with personal affiliation information or otherwise compel the release of personal affiliation information;
- 3. If in the possession of personal affiliation information, 22 release, publicize, or otherwise publicly disclose that personal 23 affiliation information; or 24

1	4. Request or require a current or prospective contractor or
2	grantee with the public agency to provide the public agency with a
3	list of entities organized under Section 501(c) of the Internal
4	Revenue Code to which it has provided financial or nonfinancial
5	support.

- D. Personal affiliation information is exempt from disclosure under the Oklahoma Open Records Act, Section 24A.1 et seq. of Title 51 of the Oklahoma Statutes.
  - E. This act does not preclude:

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- 1. Any report or disclosure required at the effective date of this act by the Oklahoma Ethics Commission;
- 2. Any lawful warrant for personal affiliation information issued by a court of competent jurisdiction;
- 3. A lawful request for discovery of personal affiliation information in litigation if:
  - a. the requestor demonstrates a compelling need for the personal affiliation information by clear and convincing evidence, and
  - b. the requestor obtains a protective order barring disclosure of personal affiliation information to any person not directly involved in the litigation; or
- 4. Admission of personal affiliation information as relevant evidence before a court of competent jurisdiction. However, no

- 1 court shall publicly reveal personal affiliation information absent 2 a specific finding of good cause.
  - F. A person alleging a violation of this act may bring a civil action for appropriate injunctive relief, damages, or both. Damages awarded under this section may include one of the following, as appropriate:
  - 1. A sum of money not less than Two Thousand Five Hundred Dollars (\$2,500.00) to compensate for injury or loss caused by each violation of this act; or
  - 2. For an intentional violation of this act, a sum of money not to exceed three times the sum described in paragraph 1 of this subsection.
  - G. A court, in rendering a judgment in an action brought under this act, may award all or a portion of the costs of litigation, including reasonable attorney fees and witness fees, to the complainant in the action if the court determines that the award is appropriate.
  - H. A person who knowingly violates this act is guilty of a misdemeanor punishable by a fine not to exceed One Thousand Dollars (\$1,000.00), imprisonment for not more than ninety (90) days, or both such fine and imprisonment.
- 22 COMMITTEE REPORT BY: COMMITTEE ON JUDICIARY February 18, 2020 DO PASS